

The National Whig  
FRIDAY EVENING, APRIL 30, 1847.  
FOR PRESIDENT, IN  
1848,  
MAJOR GENERAL  
ZACHARY TAYLOR,  
OF LOUISIANA,  
THE HERO  
OF PALO ALTO, RESACA DE LA PALMA,  
MONTEREY,  
AND BUENA VISTA.

TRAVELLING AGENT  
FOR THE NATIONAL WHIG.  
State of Maryland.—Mr. Wm. B. SASSER.  
Our Whig friends in Maryland are respectfully requested to give our Agent, Mr. Sasser, "aid and comfort" on his patriotic mission. We commit him to their best care.

We ask the attention of our readers to our City article of to-day. It is from the pen of one of the best writers in the country. He will commune with the public every day, and through his pen the country will obtain in advance the intended movements of this Tory Administration.

Mr. Packenham's sale of furniture yesterday was attended by a large concourse of the beauty and fashion of the District. All the foreign Ambassadors and their families were in attendance, and among their ladies none more the observed than the beautiful Madame Bodicoe. Though nothing very splendid was exhibited for sale, yet things brought immense prices, for the ladies seemed determined to vie with each other who should bid highest. The fact, that the articles sold belonged to the British Ambassador, no doubt, had a sanctifying effect upon them in the eyes of many.

The Tory Union has the hardihood to assert that General Taylor has no civil experience. You said the same thing of Gen. Jackson, and the people showed what value they set upon your assertion by making the old Hero their President. They will vindicate Taylor from your defamation in 1848!

The Tory Union thinks that the nomination of Gen. Taylor by the Whigs places them in a questionable predicament because they know nothing of his views of the Administration of the government. The Whigs of the country know that the old Hero is and always has been a Whig, and that would be enough for them if they had no other proof of his political opinions;—but they know that he has encountered the most bitter hostility of President Polk and his Tory administration, and that is quite sufficient to sanctify him as an honest Whig in the eyes of all disinterested men. Hence it is not the Whigs of the country who are in a questionable predicament. It is the Tory party!

The Tory Union asserts that the Whigs are unable to state, on reliable authority, the opinions of Gen. Taylor on any one of the great measures of our public policy. They have the authority of the present Tory administration, in their persecution of him, that he is opposed to their opinions on all great public measures, and that is enough for them. Surely, the Union will consider that authority a reliable one!

Because the People every where are proclaiming their determination to bring Gen. Taylor out of the very battlefield into the Presidency, the Tory Union howls most bitter lamentations. We point the Union for consolation to its own language:—"The Presidency belongs to no man. It is the property of the People." They will give it to whom they please!

Father Ritchie—forgetful old soul—is shocked at the conduct of the Whigs in taking up a military chieftain for President, seeing that they have so strongly denounced military men for that office. Surely Mr. Ritchie will allow us the poor privilege of doing as he did once. He denounced the election of a military man to the Presidency as the greatest curse that could fall on the country, and afterwards turned round and lent his whole aid to elect Jackson!

Mr. Ritchie calls the Whigs noisy office-hunters. Satan rebuking him!

EXTRACT  
FROM A WASHINGTON LETTER.  
"You may rely upon what I have already assured you in relation to the mission of Mr. Triest. He has gone with the offers and overtures for peace; and our Generals are ordered, if Santa Anna will not come to terms, to push on the war vigorously! But from this we are to believe that the administration means or wishes to end the war forthwith? Far from it! Mr. Polk, Mr. Marcy, Mr. Walker and Mr. Buchanan find that they are in for it, and that as long as they can keep in, why the man whose popularity they all dread, Gen. Zachary Taylor, will be kept in also, and may, by hook or by crook, become less popular with the people than he now is! Depend upon it if the high functionaries are not too good to connive at the abominable act of getting Santa Anna and his score of Generals back from banishment into Mexico, where they could render, and where they did render, the greatest 'aid and comfort' to the Mexican army, they are not too good to wish the war prolonged as the best means of not only keeping General Taylor out of the Presidential field, but of giving their political friends high offices, rich contracts and good opportunities to make fortunes!

NOT BAD.—We do not know that the following has appeared in the government official. If not, it is singularly remiss: Appointment by the President, (without the advice and consent of the Senate.)

ANTONIO LOPEZ DE SANTA ANNA, to be Lieutenant General and Commander-in-Chief of the Mexican Army, to rank as such from the date of his passports exhibited to Com. Conner, at Vera Cruz.

ARMY NEWS.  
Highly important from Mexico.  
Arrival of U. States Steamer Mississippi.  
Approach of Santa Anna with 12,000 men.  
Gen. Twiggs Skirmishing with the Enemy.  
AMERICANS MURDERED.

Gen. Scott's departure to join Gen. Twiggs.—Nearly all our Troops in motion—Great excitement at Vera Cruz.  
The United States steamship Mississippi, Capt. Wood, arrived at New Orleans on the evening of the 22d inst. from Vera Cruz, from whence she sailed on the 14th inst. The New Orleans Picayune and Delta received by her their correspondence, with a file of that invaluable journal, the Vera Cruz "American Eagle," from which the extracts below are made. From the New Orleans Picayune.

CAMP AT SAN JUAN, April 14, 1847.  
I arrived at this camp at 11 o'clock last night, the road from Vera Cruz running for the most part through heavy sand. The division of Gen. Worth, from the excessive heat and wearisome road, suffered incredibly.

The news in camp is stirring. An express has come down from Gen. Twiggs to the effect that Santa Anna was before him, at Cerro Cordo, with 15,000 men, as near as could be judged from reconnoissances made by Capt. Hardie and other officers of dragoons.

Lieut. Col. J. E. Johnson has been severely but not mortally wounded while examining Santa Anna's works, which appear to be a succession of breastworks on the eminences in the vicinity of Cerro Cordo. Everything would now go to show that Santa Anna is determined to make a bold stand. A dragoon who had been sent down express by Gen. Twiggs, was yesterday found shot by the roadside just beyond this. His papers had not been touched. The Mexicans are playing a bloody, and at the same time bolder game than is usual for them, as it is thought they have killed no less than fifty of our men within the last three days on the road.

Gen. Scott stopped last night nine miles from this—to-night he will reach Gen. Twiggs' position. If Santa Anna is as strong as he is represented, he will probably will not be attacked for two or three days.

G. W. K.

[Correspondence of the N. O. Daily Delta.

VERA CRUZ, April 13, 1847.  
Eds. Delta.—As I stated in my letter of this morning, the Brigade of Gen. Worth took up the line of march for Jalapa, but, from rather sudden disposition, the General did not leave with them.—About one o'clock an express reached him, with the important information that the column of General Twiggs fell in with enemy at Cerro Cordo, a strong position beyond Puenta Nacional, and a skirmish had taken place between Twiggs' advance guard and the enemy, in which Captain Johnson, Topographical Engineer, was several wounded, and several others. In half an hour after the reception of this news General Worth had mounted his horse and was off—so sudden, indeed, that I missed him, notwithstanding I repaired to his quarters to gather the particulars as soon as I heard it.

There is no doubt at all but that Santa Anna, with 12,000 to 15,000 men, is between us and Jalapa. It is conceded on all sides. But if Gen. Twiggs does not whip him, he will at least keep him in check until General Scott, who left yesterday, reaches him, which will be to-morrow night. Major General Patterson left here with two brigades of volunteers on Friday, and he has, no doubt, reached the advance before this time.

Gen. Twiggs has between 2500 and 2700 men—choice ones, too—under his command, and I entertain little fear for his safety. Gen. Patterson marched with Shields' and Pillow's brigades, and all the force except the garrison of the town and Quitman's brigade, are either at the scene of action or on the road to it.

Gen. Scott, I think, was pretty well satisfied, before his departure, that Santa Anna was in the neighborhood of Jalapa, and was making good time towards that point before the express reached him.

A terrible battle will be fought at Cerro Cordo, or there will be little or no fighting. An intelligent Mexican told me to-night, that there would be no fight, and that Santa Anna had with him four prominent members of the National Congress, with the aid of whom he hopes to negotiate a peace. I believe truly, that it is the wish of his Excellency to end the strife, but whether he will embrace this occasion, (which, by the way, is an excellent one), I cannot say.

The horses of the Tennessee cavalry arrived to-day at Tampico; and as soon as they are landed I expect Quitman will leave here.

The squadron captured at Alvarado sixty pieces of heavy cannon, all serviceable and in fine order, with the exception of three.

MEXICO, March 29, 1847.

Editors Delta.—The city of the Montezumas is in a most extraordinary situation at this present writing. Farias and the "Constitutionalists" had a civil war of twenty-three days' duration, in which nobody was killed, and neither party lost or gained an inch of ground. That is, no one was killed of the fighters, unless we count some accidental deaths; but a great number of harmless citizens lost their lives by the incessant firing up and down the streets, with which the belligerents amused themselves instead of going within reach of each other.

Santa Anna wrote lovingly to both parties, and did his best to urge them to eat each other up, but as soon as he could reach the city with some force, he threw them all overboard. He is playing for the Dictatorship, and is, in fact, clothed with absolute power at this moment. He has induced the clergy to aid him with money to meet, and, as he says, to exterminate Scott and the "perfidious invaders."

But his plan undoubtedly is to make peace, while he is yet entrenched behind American bayonets, and perhaps with the help of American gold, he will put his enemies where they cannot interfere with him. As soon as he has a clear field, he will use his army to seize the possessions of the church, to maintain and increase it as a foundation to a throne. What-ever he pretends, he has his eye on the church property, and has twice put forward Gomez Farias as a cat's-paw to grasp it, but when he found the clergy too strong for him, he made no scruple to sacrifice his tool and come out on the other side.

HEADQUARTERS OF THE ARMY,  
Vera Cruz, April 11, 1847.  
Major General Scott, General-in-chief of the Armies of the United States of America, to the good people of Mexico:  
PROCLAMATION.

Mexicans!—At the head of a powerful army, soon to be doubled—a part of which is advancing upon your capital—and with another army under Major General Taylor, in march from Saltillo towards San Luis Potosi—I think myself called upon to address you.

Mexicans!—Americans are not your enemies; but the enemies, for a time, of the men who, a year ago misgoverned you, and brought about this unnatural war between two great Republics. We are the friends of the peaceful inhabitants of the country we occupy, and the friends of your holy religion, its hierarchy and its priesthood. The same church is found in all parts of our own country, crowded with devout Catholics, and respected by our government, laws and people.

For the Church of Mexico, the unoffending inhabitants of the country, and their property, I have from the first done every thing in my power to place them under the safeguard of martial law against the few bad men in this army.

My orders, to that effect, known to all, are precise and rigorous. Under them, several Americans have already been punished, by fine, for the benefit of Mexicans, besides imprisonment, and one, for a rape, has been hung by the neck.

Is this not a proof of good faith and energetic discipline? Other proofs shall be given as often as injuries to Mexicans may be detected.

On the other hand, injuries committed by individuals, or parties of Mexico, not belonging to the public forces, upon individuals, small parties, trains of wagons and teams, or of pack mules; or any other person or property belonging to this army, contrary to the laws of war—shall be punished with rigor: or if the particular offenders be not delivered up by Mexican authorities, the punishment shall fall upon entire cities, towns or neighborhoods.

Let, then, all good Mexicans remain at home, or at their peaceful occupations; but they are invited to bring in, for sale, horses, mules, beef, cattle, corn, barley, wheat, flour for bread, and vegetables. Cash will be paid for every thing this army may take or purchase, and protection will be given to all settlers. The Americans are strong enough to offer these assurances—which, should Mexicans wisely accept this, war may soon be happily ended, to the honor and advantage of both belligerents. Then the Americans, having converted enemies into friends, will be happy to take leave of Mexico and return to their own country.

WINFIELD SCOTT.

Head Quarters of the Army,  
Vera Cruz, April 11, '47.

General Order, No. 405. 1. The country fifty miles around Tampico will continue a separate Military Department, to be called the Department of Tampico, and the country the same distance around this city will constitute another separate Military Department, to be known as the Department of Vera Cruz.

2. The senior officers in each, in the absence of the General in Chief, will make his ordinary reports and returns to the Adjutant General at Washington, and those of a special character to General Head Quarters in the field.

3. The siege train and troops in this vicinity will be held in readiness to march, in the direction of Jalapa, as fast as the means of transportation can be furnished; each man with four days' hard bread and two of bacon or pork (cooked) in his haversack, and each corps or detachment with a train containing extra subsistence for at least ten days made up as in the case of the advanced division.

4. The march will be in the following order: 1. The troops of the 1st dragoons with the General in chief; 2. A section of the siege train, escorted by captain Winder and his company, with a detachment of recruits, early to-morrow morning; 3. The 1st division of regulars; and 4. Brigadier General Quitman's volunteers, with another section of the siege train.

5. If the 4th infantry be not back in time, Brevet Major General Worth will leave the orders for it to follow without delay, and if the horses of the Tennessee cavalry shall not have arrived when Brigadier General Quitman's marches, that regiment will follow as soon as remounted.

6. Every corps or detachment that follows the movement, from this depot, will take charge of any loaded train, for the army, which the Ordnance Quartermaster's Commissariat, of Medical Departments may have in readiness. By command of Maj. Gen. Scott.

H. A. SCOTT, A. A. G.

Headquarters 1st Division,  
Vera Cruz, April 12, 1847.

Orders No. 9.—(Extract).—The government of the city is hereby turned over to Col. Wilson, 1st infantry, to whom all persons on business will make application. By order of Maj. Gen. Worth.

W. W. MACKEAL, A. A. G.

The next President. A Maryland Democratic paper has hoisted General Taylor's name, and says it don't intend the Whigs shall steal him from the Democrats.

We hear also of many Democrats who intend to support him at the next election, maintaining that he is a good Democrat.

Well, we are all agreed on one point, and that is, that he is 'NO POLITICIAN.' On that ground, we hope and believe he will be taken up by THE PEOPLE of all parties.

"Political Hucksters." This is the title bestowed upon the friends of General Taylor, by the friends and supporters of that great concave of huckstering and trickery, the Baltimore Convention! This is decidedly rich, and if human impudence can go farther, we should like to see the attempt.

Prentice, the Louisville, wag, says that another editor teases him with questions and then calls him a "brandy barrel." "If he thinks so of us," retorts Prentice, "no wonder he's so fond of pumping us."

A National Medical Convention is to be held in Philadelphia on the 5th.

A new daily paper called the "News" has been started in Baltimore, devoted to the Democratic party.

ARRIVALS  
AT THE PRINCIPAL HOTELS  
FRIDAY, April 30, 5 P. M.

BROWN'S HOTEL.  
R Birrie, jr Md  
Dr R B Gray, do  
R J Smith, Va  
Miss Barnes, Phil  
J B Smith, do  
Mrs R M Saunders, N O  
A Woodward, Penn

COLEMAN'S HOTEL.  
W H McCalla, N Y  
S Baron, U S N  
D Treah, U S N  
J Boyce, Bos  
J C Boyce, do

U. S. HOTEL.  
J G Dickinson, Ma  
G Dickson, Ala  
J S Hershon, Ky

GADSBY'S HOTEL.  
B W Jones, Phil  
Gov W Stephens, Va  
J Miller, Balt  
Dr Davis, S C  
G H Willes Balt

S K Adams, Alex  
C Aystaworth, N Y  
M S Bagg, Mich  
W B Hart, N Y  
W S Better and lady, O

THE NATIONAL WHIG.

The National Whig will be what its name indicates. It will speak the sentiments of the Whig Party of the Union upon all the questions of public policy now before the country and to come before it.

It will advocate the election of MAJOR GENERAL ZACHARY TAYLOR, Of Louisiana:

the Hero of the Rio Grande, Monterey, and Buena Vista, to the next Presidency, for which we believe he has already been nominated by acclamation in the hearts of his grateful countrymen. But while we advocate the election of him who has proved himself to be the greatest Captain of the age in a series of battles without parallel in the annals of warfare, and who, in his despatches has exhibited a power of intellect and soundness of judgment unsurpassed in the history of the human mind, we freely throw open our columns to the discussion of the merits, by their friends, of the other many eminent men, of the Whig party whose names have been associated with the Presidency. And while General Taylor is our choice for the Presidency, whom we believe no earthly power can prevent the people from elevating unanimously to the first gift in their choice as a token of their appreciation of his true greatness, we shall be guided by the voice of the great Whig party of which we are but a humble member, and, if it should, in the course of events, be ordered that any other person than the man of our preference shall be selected as our candidate, we shall yield him our cordial support.

The National Whig will attack at every assailable point, and ceaselessly, all the measures of the present administration of public affairs which shall be deemed to be adverse to the interests of the country, and will expose without fear or favor the corruptions of the party in power.

The columns of the National Whig will be open to the pens of every Whig in the country for the discussion of the great political and other questions of the day, and to every Democratic pen, too, interested in enlightening the public mind respecting the corruptions and imbecility of the men to whom in an evil hour, the Democratic party intrusted the power of the Government.

NOTICE.

Persons wishing to subscribe to the National Whig are respectfully informed that a list is kept opened at our office Northeast corner of the Avenue and second street, up stairs, and at Adam's Publication Office, north side of the Avenue, between 3 and 41 streets.

All communications for insertion in the National Whig must be addressed "TO THE EDITOR," accompanied by the real name of the writer, and must be post-paid, or they will not be taken out of the Post Office.

All letters on business and enclosing orders for the National Whig, must be addressed "To The Publisher," and must also be post-paid, or they will not be taken out of the Post Office.

No attention paid to orders for the National Whig unless accompanied by the cash.

THE WEEKLY NATIONAL WHIG.

will be made up from the Daily National Whig, and printed on a sheet 36 inches long by 44 inches wide, containing 33 columns of new reading matter. It will be carefully mailed and directed to order for \$2 per annum, or \$1 for six months, invariably in advance.

Travelling Agents Wanted  
TO OBTAIN SUBSCRIPTIONS AND ADVERTISING FOR THE

NATIONAL WHIG.  
Apply at this office either by letter or in person. The most satisfactory testimonials required. Compensation liberal.

LOCAL AGENTS  
FOR THE  
NATIONAL WHIG.

Jacob Merritt, Cabell C. H.  
P. H. McCulloch, do do  
H. S. Farrow, Brentsville, Va.  
J. D. Elwood, Middletown, Conn.

Our friends abroad who are willing to act as the Local Agents of the National Whig will please send us their names and post-towns without delay.

Whoever will send us the money for five subscribers to the Weekly National Whig (price \$2 per annum) for one year, shall receive a copy gratis.

Mr. G. L. Gilchrist,  
SOLE SUBSCRIPTION AGENT  
OF

THE NATIONAL WHIG.

Is now prepared to serve the WHIG in any part of Washington, Georgetown, and Alexandria, immediately after the hour of publication, which is 3 o'clock in the afternoon of every day (Sundays excepted). Persons desiring the Whig may leave their names and residences either with Mr. Gilchrist personally, at the office of the paper corner of the Avenue and Second street, at R. FARNHAM'S Book Store, or at S. HOLMES' Grocery Store on 7th between D. and Louisiana Avenue.

Bright Girl.—In the district school at Sandwich, last winter, the master informed a little girl that Sunday is the first day in the week, and inquired of her, "What day is Monday?" "Washing day, sir," she promptly answered.

The aggregate amount of the debts of all the States is \$206,547,639; the annual interest on which is \$10,468,728.

The expense of keeping one soldier in the field of battle would keep fifty children in the school of learning.

The Canals in the North are to be opened to-day.

"My dear," said Mrs. Dalrymple to her gay young husband, after he had retired to rest, early one morning, "why is it that Mr. Brown, who is in the same business that you are, passes all his evenings at home, while you are hallucinating about town till past midnight?" "Why, my sweet rose, the cause is—hic—the cause is, Brown is not married!"

ST. MARY'S AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY.—The third meeting of this society, since its organization in March last, was held in Leonardtown a few days since. We are happy to learn that there seems to be a growing interest felt for its success. The Beacon says: We sincerely hope, and think we may safely predict from the laudable zeal manifested by the members, that this effort to establish an agricultural society on a permanent footing, will not like several former attempts, prove abortive.

A Curious Discovery has recently been made in Paris, by means of which all printed sheets or engravings may be copied in the most perfect manner. This is effected by transferring them to a lithographic stone. It would seem that there is not the least danger of spoiling the original in this operation. This invention, which has already been tried, but without much success, by Senefelder, the inventor of lithography, is, as may readily be imagined, of the greatest importance for the re-production of the engravings of great masters, which can thus be so well imitated as to be scarcely distinguished from the originals. The low price at which such copies could be obtained, would of course be a great advantage, as it would render popular those masterpieces which at present only belong to some few persons rich enough to be able to collect works of art.

C. FARQUHAR & CO., call the attention of the citizens and public generally, to their

New Drug and Chemical Store,  
corner of 15th street and New York Avenue, where can be found all articles in their line fresh and genuine.  
April 27-31

Segars and Tobacco, of superior quality, constantly for sale by  
April 27-31 C. FARQUHAR & CO.

Paints, Oils, and Paint Brushes, &c.—

The subscriber has just received a large and fresh supply of PAINTS, OILS, &c., part of which are named below. They are guaranteed to be pure and good, and from the best manufacturers. All persons wanting such articles would find it to their advantage to call, as I am determined to sell lower than similar articles can be got at any other place in this city.

350 kegs White Lead  
120 lbs. Chrome Green  
120 lbs. Chrome Yellow  
30 lbs. Chrome Red  
100 lbs. Pure Verdigris  
300 lbs. Red Lead and Litharge  
100 lbs. Imperial Green  
500 lbs. Venetian Red and Sp. Brown in oil  
600 lbs. Yellow Ochre in oil  
100 lbs. Paris Green, dry  
50 lbs. do. do. in oil

A large assortment of Paint and White Wash Brushes.

400 lbs. Lamp Black, dry and in oil  
10 lbs. Sp. Whiting  
1000 lbs. Putty  
200 Boxes of Window Glass, all sizes  
5 bbls. Linseed Oil  
5 bbls. Copal and Japan Varnish  
3 bbls. Sp. Turpentine  
1 cask bleached Lamp Oil, at 75 cts pr. gall.  
Also, PURE PINE-OIL, received fresh from the manufactory every week.

CHARLES STOTT, corner 7th street and Penn. Av.

D. R. C. A. Van Zandt's Health Restorative Pills is a medicine which not only cures but prevents disease, capable of great results, and equally calculated to be safely used for apparently small ones. We all know how dreadful and dangerous a seated bilious disorder is, and we are also well aware of the seeming insignificance of its first warnings or incipency. The individual suffering from slight pains in his chest, back, or stomach, or from occasional nausea, dull headache, extreme nervousness, sleeplessness, trifling prevarication of appetite, and other disagreeable visitations so common to those who are the consequence of a diseased state of the liver, which if not remedied, will lead either to speedy death or a long train of unbearable ills which are known by the following names: Hypochondria, mania, dizziness, slow fever, epilepsy, asthma, dropsy, rheumatism, chlorosis, convulsions, nervousness, cramps, gout, pleurisy, jaundice, irritability, and violence, dyspepsia, hysteric, scurvy, foul stomach, dry coughs, glandular affections, colds, lingering sore throats, various disorganizations of the great intestine, strictures and spasmodic complaints internally, eruptions, shortness of breath, heartburn, neuralgia, vital inflammation, flatulency, gastric fever, &c.

Sometimes, too, there ensues an irregular action of the heart. Take these pills and suffer no more.

131 Fulton st., N. Y., General Agents; and sold by  
April 24-6mo. CHARLES STOTT.

A CARD.

MISS ANNA M. BECK would respectfully inform the Ladies of Washington that she is now prepared with her Spring Stock to execute all orders in Millinery or Mantua Making with neatness and despatch. Residence E street, opposite Rev. O. B. Brown's.

A CARD.

S. BECK would take this method of notifying his friends and public generally that he has removed his house Furnishing Store from Pennsylvania avenue to E street north opposite Rev. O. B. Brown's, one square west of the General Post Office. Having a large house and a lower rent I can and will sell all and all kinds of House-Furnishing Goods cheaper than at any time heretofore. I will try to prove this to any one in want of goods that will give me a call.

N. B. Rooms for rent, furnished or unfurnished, April 21-3m

A CARD.

S. BECK would take this method of notifying his friends and public generally that he has removed his house Furnishing Store from Pennsylvania avenue to E street north opposite Rev. O. B. Brown's, one square west of the General Post Office. Having a large house and a lower rent I can and will sell all and all kinds of House-Furnishing Goods cheaper than at any time heretofore. I will try to prove this to any one in want of goods that will give me a call.

N. B. Rooms for rent, furnished or unfurnished, April 21-3m

A CARD.

S. BECK would take this method of notifying his friends and public generally that he has removed his house Furnishing Store from Pennsylvania avenue to E street north opposite Rev. O. B. Brown's, one square west of the General Post Office. Having a large house and a lower rent I can and will sell all and all kinds of House-Furnishing Goods cheaper than at any time heretofore. I will try to prove this to any one in want of goods that will give me a call.

JOHN WAGNER,  
Carver and Gilder,  
Penn. Avenue, between 11th and 12th sts.  
side. Makes to order all kinds of Plain and Ornamental Gilded Frames, Cornices, Curtains, Rods, &c. Old Frames regilt, and Looking Glass Plates inserted.—Terms moderate.  
April 19-4m

FRESH GROCERIES, BUTTER, & CHEESE.  
The subscriber has on hand, a fresh supply of every description of goods in his line, which he offers on reasonable terms.

55 bags Java, Rio, Laguayra, Maricao, and African COFFEE

25 chests and half-chests Gunpowder, Imperial, Old Hyson, Young Hyson, and Black TEAS

10 cases very choice Tea. 12 lbs in each, for families

1500 pounds double refined and 2d quality Leaf Sugar

1500 pounds crushed and pulverized Leaf Sugar

1000 do white Havana do

1000 do brown do

Porto Rico and New Orleans do

Do do and St Croix Molasses

Sugar-house and New Iberia Syrup

Ground and unground Spices, of every variety

Catechu, Curry Powder, French and other Mustards

Olives, Capers, Sardines, and Anchovies

Solid Oils, in Sacks and bottles

700 gallons winter-strained and common Oil.

FRUITS.

50 whole, half, and qr. boxes Raisins

2 cases Currants

4 bbls. Dried Apples

30 do Green do

2 cases Prunes, in jars and fancy boxes

30 drums Smyrna Figs

26 bbls Eastern Cranberries

300 pounds soft shelled Almonds

150 do Filberts.

BUTTER AND CHEESE.

28 tubs choice Welsh Butter

30 boxes superior Cheese

Sapago do

31 bbls pink-eye Potatoes

40 do extra brand New York Flour

40 do Virginia do

50 pockets Buckwheat

12 boxes do

23 bbls half and qr. do.

FISH.

Mackerel, Cod, Shad, and Herring.

CANDLES.

20 boxes